CUYAHOGA COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH COLLABORATIVE







Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report December 31, 2023 - January 6, 2024 (MMWR Week 1)

Highlights

Cuyahoga County

Flu activity level decreased from 'moderate low' to 'minimal' this week.

Flu activity rating explanation and weekly flu reports can be found here: https://www.ccbh.net/weekly-flu-surveillance-reports/

- 4.1% of deaths reported were due to pneumonia. This represents an approximate 14.4% decrease from the previous week.
- 0 flu deaths were reported this week. There has been 1 flu death this season.
- 46 flu associated hospitalizations were reported this week. 360 hospitalizations for the flu season.
- 3.1% of emergency department visits were for flu like symptoms. This represents an approximate 29.3% decrease from the previous week. Wastewater monitoring data suggest an increase in viral gene copies of Influenza A at NEORSD Westerly WWTC.

Ohio

Flu activity for the State of Ohio decreased from 'very high' to 'high' this week.

606 Influenza-associated hospitalizations were reported this week.

2.2% of emergency department visits were flu like symptoms.

For additional information on flu activity in Ohio, visit Seasonal Influenza Activity Report | Ohio Department of Health

United States

Seasonal influenza activity is elevated and continues to increase in most parts of the country.

For additional information on flu activity in the United States, visit Weekly U.S. Influenza Surveillance Report | CDC

All data are preliminary and may change as updated data are received.

Cuyahoga County Influenza Data Dashboard

Influenza (Flu) Indicator	Current Week	Percent Change from last week	Trend Direction
Percent of pneumonia deaths & number of flu related deaths - [Fig 1]	Pneumonia: 4.1%	Pneumonia: -14.4%	•
	Flu: 0	Flu: 0.0%	
Flu associated hospitalizations [Fig 2]	46	-54.5%	_
School absenteeism due to ILLNESS ONLY – [Fig 3A]	N/A		
School absenteeism due to ALL CAUSES – [Fig 3B]	N/A		
Emergency room visits due to ILI [Fig 4]	215	-33.4%	_
Sales of over-the-counter medications used to treat ILI. [Fig 5]	236	-26.5%	•

¹Due to small percentages, caution should be used while interpreting the 'Percent Change from last week' box.

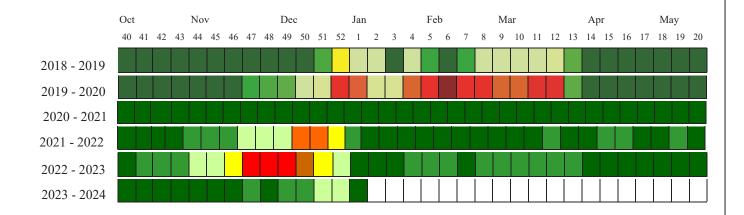
▲ = Increase, ▼ = Decrease, ● = Stable

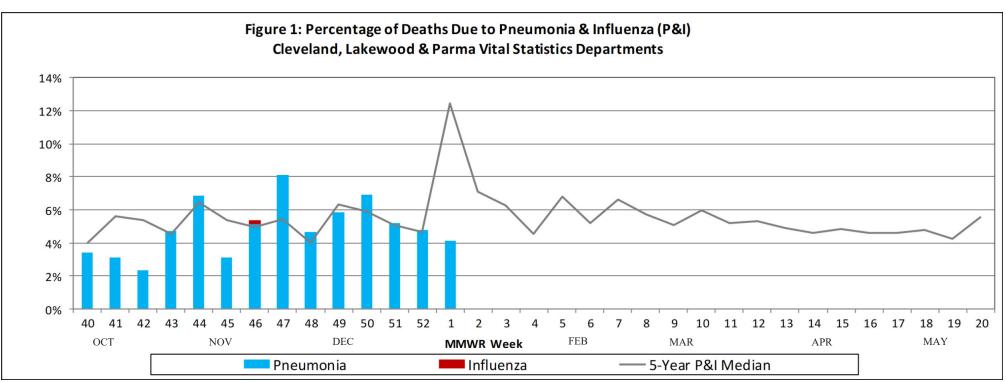
Local Flu Activity Dashboard

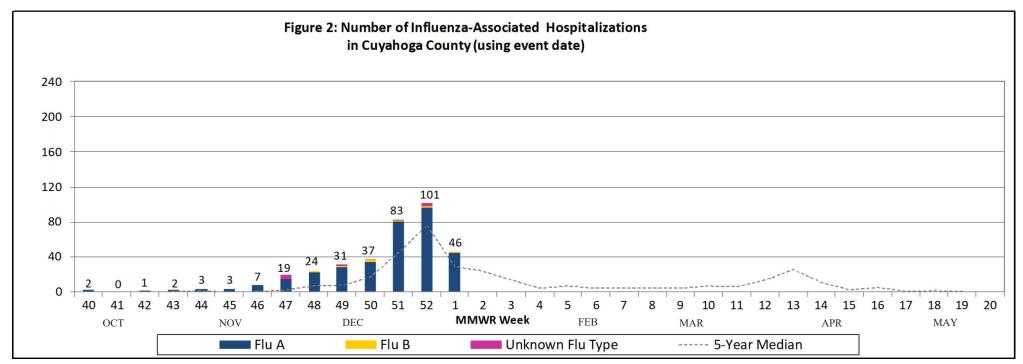
Current Week Flu Activity

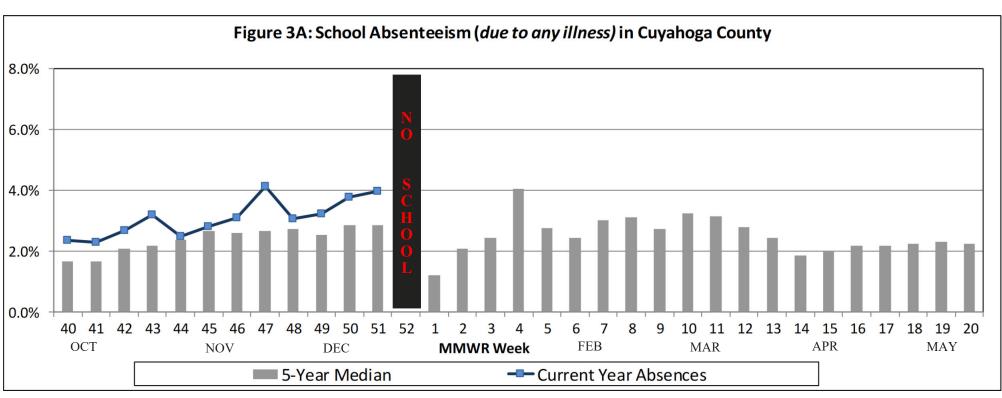
X		
Low	Mod	High

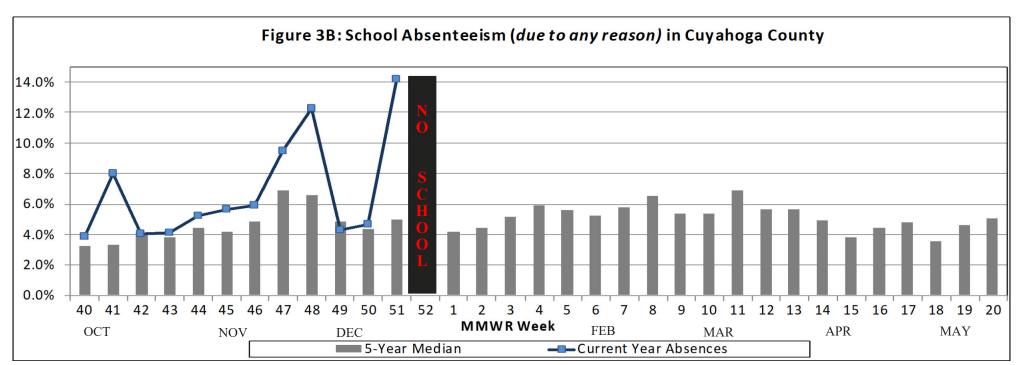
Influenza Level Activity Comparison

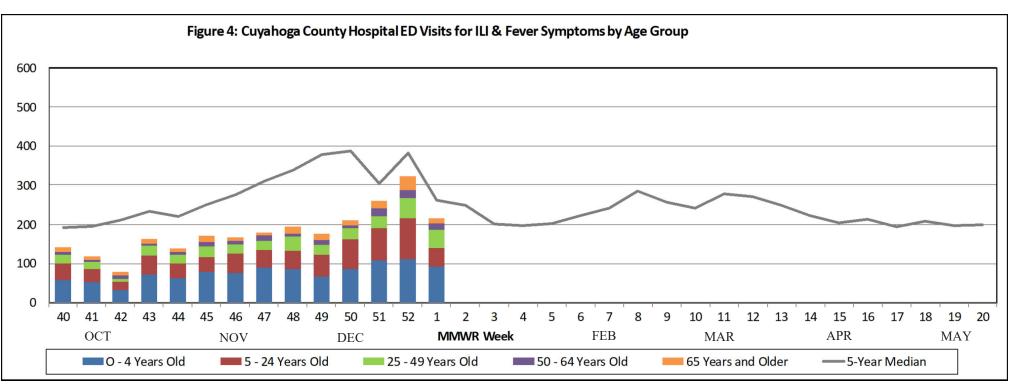


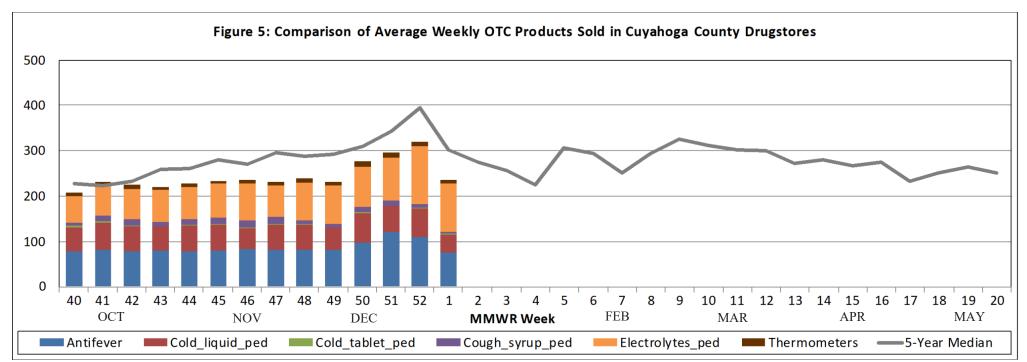












Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data

Five types of data sources are examined on a weekly basis to help determine the influenza activity level for Cuyahoga County:

- 1) Ohio Department of Health (ODH) Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary: The ODH influenza summary provides state-wide data. Data used from this report include: frequency of fever plus influenza-like illness (ILI) associated hospitalizations, number of influenza-associated pediatric mortalities, and number of lab-confirmed influenza cases.
 - A) Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS): Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported by the Cuyahoga County Board of Health (CCBH) and hospitals using the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in January 2009.
 - B) Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS): Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by CCBH and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.
- 2) Mortality Reporting System (Vital Statistics): Vital Statistics offices in Cuyahoga County (Cleveland, Lakewood, & Parma) reports the percentage of deaths that are due to pneumonia or influenza that occur within their jurisdiction. Cleveland issues death certificates for 57 of the 59 cities in the county.
- 3) School Absenteeism data (due to illness and due to any reason): Cuyahoga County schools provide absenteeism data for each Tuesday on the number children absent due to any illness or due to any reason as well as sentinel schools that report week absenteeism data.
- 4) **Emergency Department Visits (EpiCenter):** EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from hospitals and urgent care facilities across Cuyahoga County and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Rates for chief complaints regarding fever + ILI and other symptoms commonly detected during the winter are analyzed.
- 5) National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases: The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from Cuyahoga County chain drug stores and grocery stores. Pediatric cold products, anti-fever products, and thermometer sales are monitored on a weekly basis.