CUYAHOGA COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH COLLABORATIVE

CUYAHOGA COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH YOUR TRUSTED SOURCE FOR PUBLIC HEALTH INFORMATION





April 22 - April 16, 2023 (MMWR Week 16) Highlights

Flu activity level remained 'minimal' for the 2nd consecutive week.

Flu activity rating explanation and weekly flu reports can be found here: https://www.ccbh.net/weekly-flu-surveillance-reports/

- 7.3% of deaths reported were due to pneumonia.
- 0 flu deaths were reported this week. 16 flu deaths so far this season, including 2 pediatric flu deaths.
- 3 flu associated hospitalizations were reported this week. 1,179 hospitalizations for the flu season.
- 2.7% of emergency department visits were for flu like symptoms.

Local Flu Activity Dashboard (All data are preliminary and may change as updated data are received.)

Current Week Flu Activity				Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May
X			Weekly	40 41 42 43	3 44 45 46 47	48 49 50 51	1 52 1 2	3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11 12	13 14 15 16	17 18 19 20
Lov	v Mod	High	Intensity								

Table 1. Cuyahoga County Influenza Data Dashboard

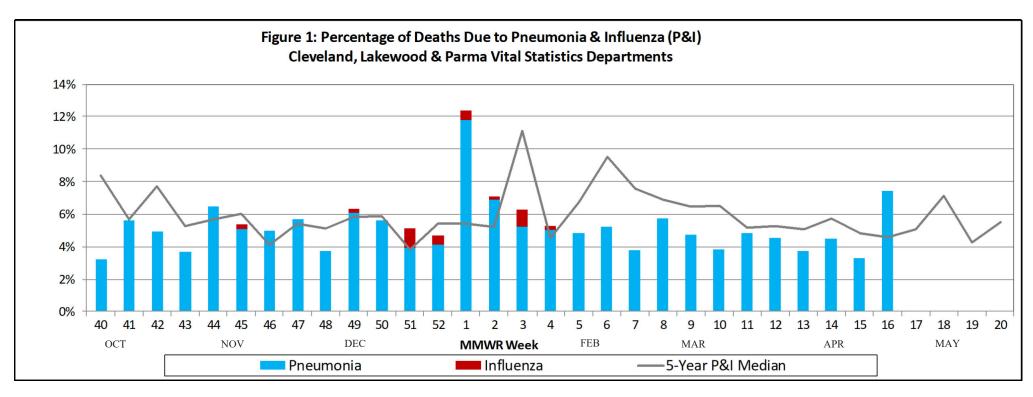
Influenza (Flu) Indicator	Current Activity Level	Activity Compared to Last Week	#Weeks ¹²³⁴	2022-2023 Season Total/Trend	
Percent of pneumonia deaths & number of flu related deaths - [Fig 1]	Pneumonia: 7.33% Flu: 0 Deaths	126.6% Stable	1▲ 10●	P&I death slightly below 5-year median. Flu deaths = 16.	
Flu associated hospitalizations [Fig 2]	3	Stable	2 •	Above 5-yr median. $n = 1,182$	
School absenteeism due to ILLNESS ONLY – [<i>Fig 3A</i>]	2.15%	(11.8%)	1	Leveled off in 2023 since peak.	
School absenteeism due to ALL CAUSES – [Fig 3B]	5.27%	N/A	N/A	Leveled off in 2023 since peak	
Emergency room visits due to ILI [Fig 4]	216	(4.4%)	1 •	Below median post 2022 peak	
Sales of over-the-counter medications used to treat ILI. <i>[Fig 5]</i>	252	Stable	1 •	Below median post 2022 peak	
Congestion & cough complaints	10.48%	(1.9%)	2 •	Below median post 2022 peak	

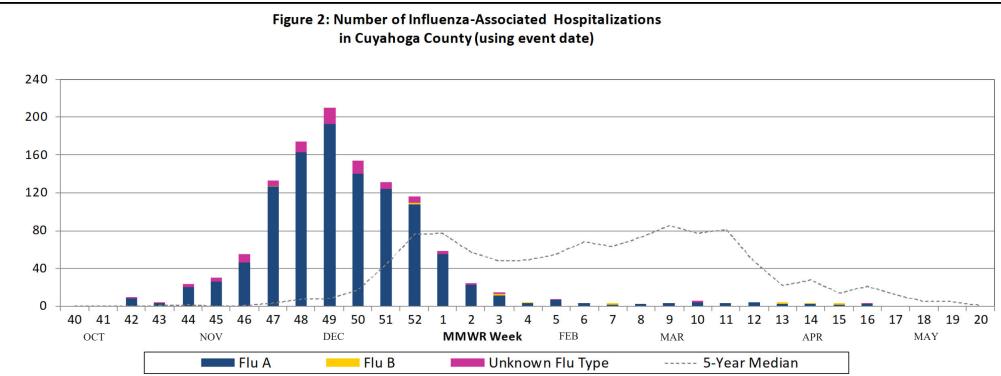
¹Due to small percentages, caution should be used while interpreting the 'Activity Compared to Last Week' box.

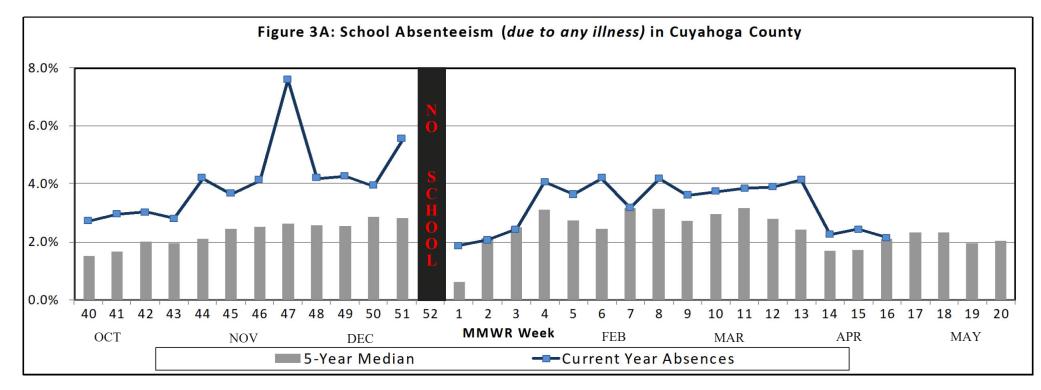
²For figures 3a-3b, $\blacktriangle = (\text{Increase} \ge 10\%), \forall = (\text{Decrease} \ge -10\%), \bigcirc = \text{Stable (-9.9\% to +9.9\%)}$

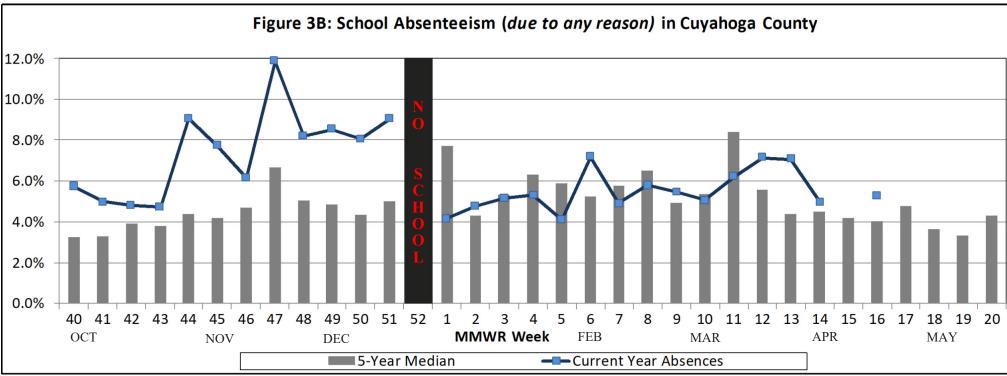
³For figures 1, 4-5, and congestion & cold complaints \blacktriangle = (Increase \ge 5%), ∇ = (Decrease \ge -5%), \bigcirc = Stable (-4.9% to +4.9%)

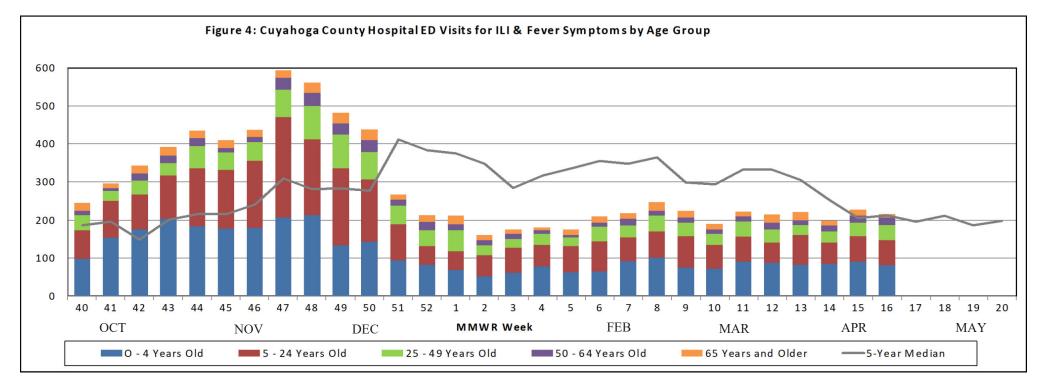
⁴For flu related deaths and hospitalizations (Fig 1 & 2) \blacktriangle = (Increase # of deaths/cases), \bigtriangledown = (Decrease # of deaths/cases), \bigcirc = Stable (Same # of deaths/cases)

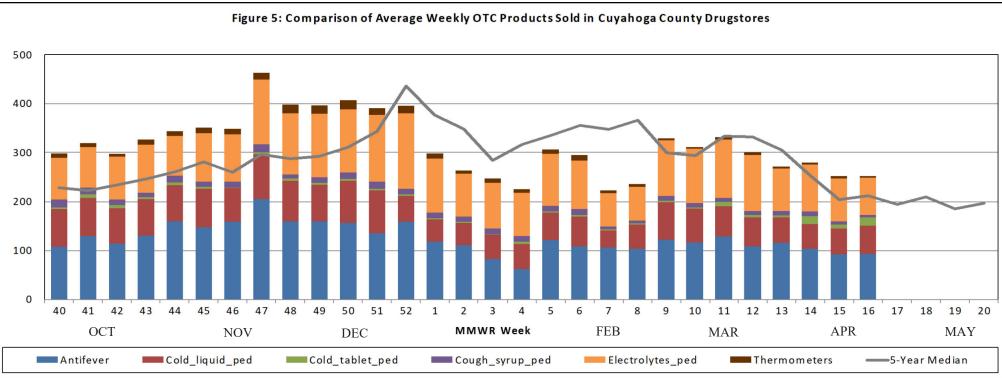












Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data

Five types of data sources are examined on a weekly basis to help determine the influenza activity level for Cuyahoga County:

- 1) Ohio Department of Health (ODH) Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary: The ODH influenza summary provides state-wide data. Data used from this report include: frequency of fever plus influenza-like illness (ILI) associated hospitalizations, number of influenza-associated pediatric mortalities, and number of lab-confirmed influenza cases.
 - A) **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS):** Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported by the Cuyahoga County Board of Health (CCBH) and hospitals using the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in January 2009.
 - B) **Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS):** Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by CCBH and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.
- 2) Mortality Reporting System (Vital Statistics): Vital Statistics offices in Cuyahoga County (Cleveland, Lakewood, & Parma) reports the percentage of deaths that are due to pneumonia or influenza that occur within their jurisdiction. Cleveland issues death certificates for 57 of the 59 cities in the county.
- 3) School Absenteeism data (due to illness and due to any reason): More than 50 Cuyahoga County schools provide absenteeism data for each Tuesday on the number children absent due to any illness or due to any reason as well as sentinel schools that report week absenteeism data.
- 4) **National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases:** The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from Cuyahoga County chain drug stores and grocery stores. Pediatric cold products, anti-fever products, and thermometer sales are monitored on a weekly basis.
- 5) Emergency Department Visits (EpiCenter): EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from hospitals and urgent care facilities across Cuyahoga County and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Rates for chief complaints regarding fever + ILI and other symptoms commonly detected during the winter are analyzed.